

Answer the following questions. Q₁ to Q₆ 6 Marks each and Q₇ 14 Marks. Calculators are not allowed.

1) Evaluate each of the following limit if it exists:-

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{3+x^2} - 2}{x-1}$ b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan 5x}{\sin 3x}$

2) a) For a function $f(x) = Ax^2 + Bx + C$ with $A \neq 0$ on the interval $[a,b]$. Show that the number c in (a,b) determined by the mean value theorem is the midpoint of the interval.

b) Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve $1 + 16x^2y = \tan(x - 2y)$ at the point $(\frac{\pi}{4}, 0)$.

3) a) Evaluate the following integral $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} x^2 \sin 2x \, dx$.

b) Find the second derivative with respect to x of the function

$$y = \int_0^{x^2} \frac{dt}{(t^3 + 1)} \quad \text{at } x = 1.$$

4) Evaluate a) $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[5]{(8-3x)^6}}$ b) $\int_0^3 |(x^2 - x - 2)| \, dx$

5) a) Given that $2x^2 - 8 = \int_a^x f(t)dt$. Find a formula for $f(x)$ and evaluate a

b) If the average value of $f(x) = x^3 + bx - 2$ on $[0,2]$ is 4, find b .

6) Find the dimensions of the right circular cylinder of maximum volume that can be inscribed in a right circular cone of radius 6 cm. and height 4 cm.

7) Let $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$

a) Find the intervals on which f is increasing or decreasing, and the local extrema, if any.

b) Find the intervals on which f is concave upward or downward, and the points of inflection, if any.

c) Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph f , if any

d) Sketch the graph of the function.